

November 18, 2020



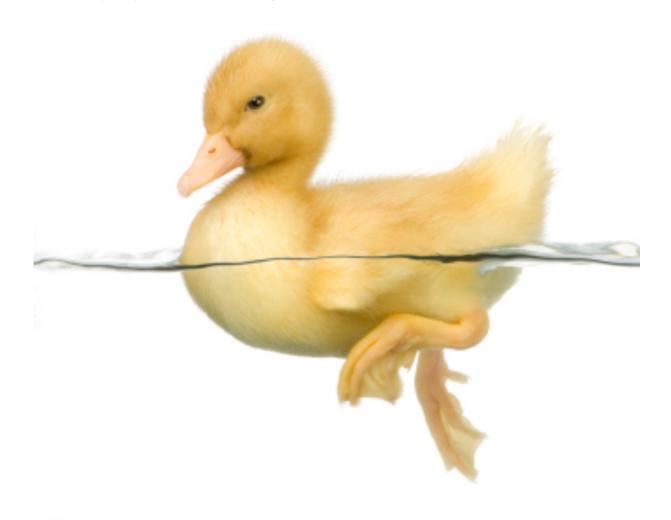








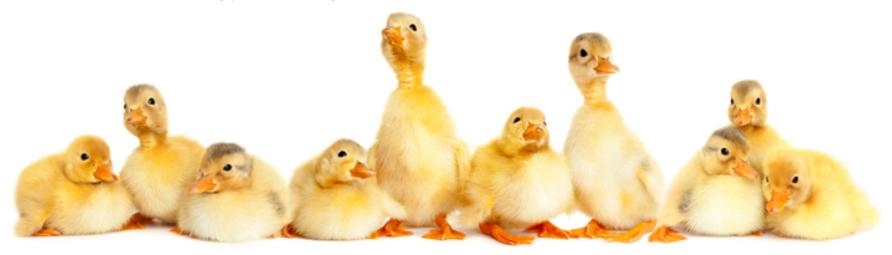
## Just keep paddling...



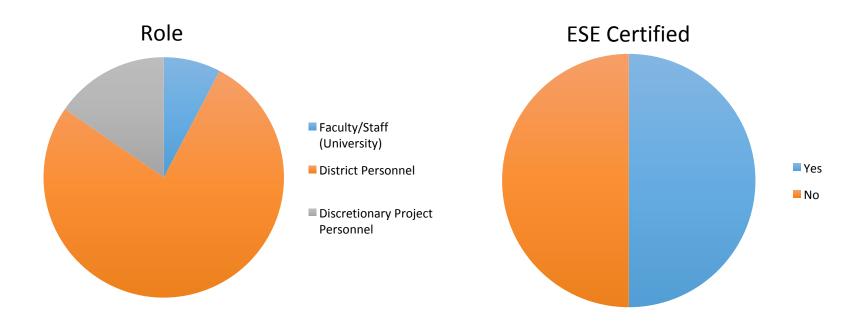


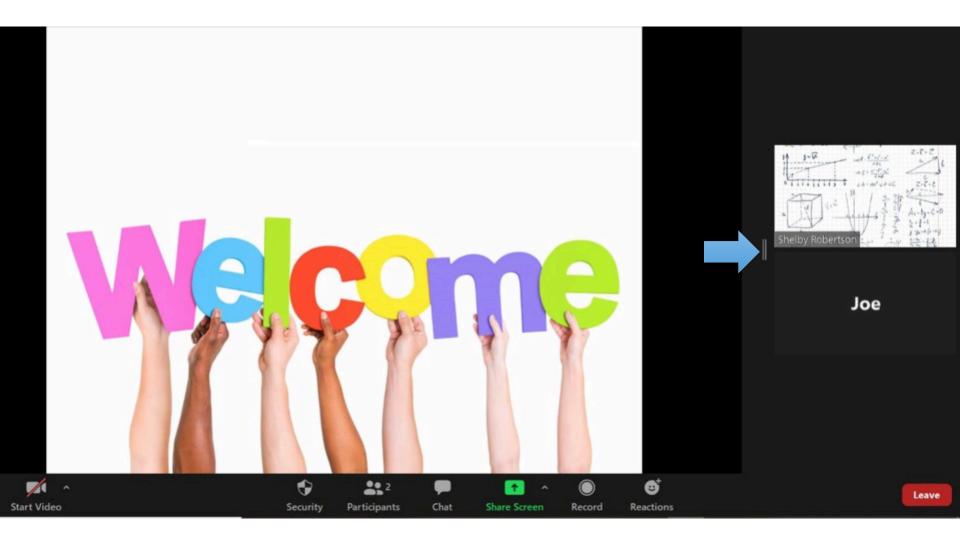
## Who Is Here to Support You?

- FL Department of Education
  - Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services
  - Bureau of Standards and Instructional Support
- FL Diagnostic & Learning Resources System (FDLRS)
- FL Inclusion Network (FIN)
- Problem Solving/Response to Intervention Project (PS/RtI)
  - Student Support and Academic Achievement Unit
  - Technology Learning Connections Unit



## Who are you?





Use the chat to quack away!





## Objectives



Understand the components of Key Practice 1 from the What Matters Most: Key Practices Guide

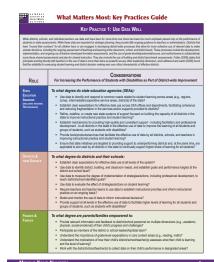
Learn from colleagues how data is used for course placement (elementary to middle, middle to high, high to post-secondary) and how it can affect a student's math pathway K-20

Use FDOE data resources to identifying trends to facilitate conversations about successes and barriers to assist in problem-solving areas of need.



## **Key Practices**

"Districts making the most significant, systemic improvements in teacher instruction and student performance are those implementing practices evidenced by research to be essential and effective in not only generating gains,



Efforts to maintain focus on teaching and learning, align actions across the district, and continuously monitor the degree of implementation of such actions to assess impact on student learning can be organized around the following (6) key practices:

- 1 Use data well
- 2 Focus your goals

but in sustaining them."

- 3 Select and implement shared instructional practices
- 4 Implement deeply
- 5 Monitor and provide feedback and support
- 5 Inquire and learn







### **What Matters Most: Key Practices Guide**

#### KEY PRACTICE 1: USE DATA WELL

While districts, schools, and individual teachers use data and have been for some time now, there has been too much emphasis placed only on the performance of students on state assessments. While these data are important for strategic planning, they provide little ongoing guidance to teachers or administrators. Districts that have "moved their numbers" for all children have or are engaged in developing district-wide processes that allow for more collective use of relevant data to make smarter decisions, including the ongoing assessment of teaching and learning at the classroom, school, and district levels. These processes include the development, implementation, and ongoing use of teacher-developed formative assessments, and the use of grade-level/departmental/course, and vertical teams to collaboratively score these shared assessments and plan for shared instruction. They also include the use of building and district benchmark assessments. Fullan (2008) states that principals working directly with teachers in the use of data is more than twice as powerful as any other leadership dimension, and Leithwood and Jantzi (2008) found that the reliability for assessing student learning and district decision making was one critical characteristic of effective districts.

Webinar 1 – Use Data Well
Webinar 2 – Parents as Partners
Webinar 3 – Data Dig

| WEBINAR 3 - 11/18/2020  |  |   |
|---|--|---|
|   | During Webinar – Key Points: Participate and take notes during the session here What are your take-aways pertaining to data use and maximizing the potential for all students? | Planning: What do I/we want<br>this to look like in my/our<br>plan? |
| Slide 15: Guiding Questions   |  |   |
| How are course placement decisions made in your district (from elementary to middle, middle to high, and to postsecondary)?     Who is involved in making those decisions? How can we hold them accountable from elementary to postsecondary?  How do student data drive course placement decisions?     What is the impact of course placement on student success in middle grades, secondary, and |  |   |
| postsecondary?  • How can we use data to ensure our pathways maximize student potential for all students?   |  |   |
| What data are     essential to     determining the     effectiveness of your     district's math     pathways?  How do you look at data:     individually or holistically?     How will comparing     individual data to the     larger group help     improve mathematics     instruction for all     students?  |  |   |



Any time you share data with families, it is critical to clarify the *purpose* of the data.

What, precisely, is this data telling us?

That way, we all have a better understanding of how to use that data.

Data without context can send mixed messages to leaders, teachers, students, and families. Always communicate what data does (and does not!) tell us.





## **Plotting the Math Path**



## **Guiding Questions**

- How are course placement decisions made in your district (from elementary to middle, middle to high, and to postsecondary)?
  - Who is involved in making those decisions? How can we hold them accountable from elementary to postsecondary?
- How do student data drive course placement decisions?
  - What is the impact of course placement on student success in middle grades, secondary, and postsecondary?
- How can we use data to ensure our pathways maximize student potential for all students?
  - What data are essential to determining the effectiveness of your district's math pathways?
- How do you look at data: individually or holistically?
  - How will comparing individual data to the larger group help improve mathematics instruction for all students?



## **Plotting the Math Path**

Math is the most **significant academic barrier** to postsecondary attainment.

- Examining the alignment of courses from kindergarten through postsecondary
- Analyzing student success based on previous math courses
- Envisioning pathways based on postsecondary opportunities





## How do results in grades 3-5 impact future math paths?

| Statewide FSA<br>Results | 2014-2015 | 2015-2016 | 2016-2017 | 2017-2018 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Third Grade              | 58.3%     | 60.9%     | 61.5%     | 61.7%     |
| Fourth Grade             | 59.1%     | 58.8%     | 63.6%     | 62.1%     |
| Fifth Grade              | 54.5%     | 55.4%     | 57.1%     | 60.7%     |

Percentages refer to students scoring a level 3 or above on the indicated FSA.





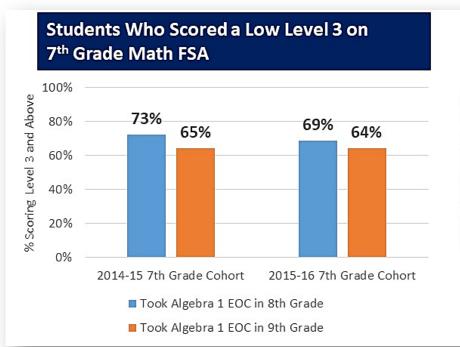
## How is grade 6 and grade 7 course placement determined?

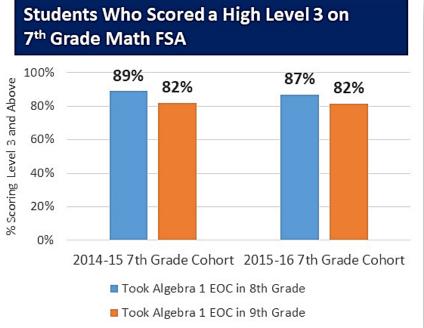
| Grade 6   | Grade 6 Grad   |  | Grade 7   |   | de 8   |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|
| MAFS.6.G.1.4 MAFS.6.I MAFS.6.SP.1.1 MAFS.6.I MAFS.6.SP.1.2 MAFS.6.I MAFS.6.SP.1.3 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.SP.2.4 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.SP.2.5 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.1.1 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.2.2 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.2.3 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.2.4 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.5 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.5 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.6 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.7 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.7 MAFS.6. MAFS.6.NS.3.8 MAFS.6. | RP.1.2<br>RP.1.3<br>EE.1.1<br>EE.1.2<br>EE.1.3<br>EE.1.4<br>EE.2.5<br>EE.2.6<br>EE.2.7<br>EE.2.8<br>EE.3.9<br>G.1.1<br>G.1.2 | MAFS.7.RP.1.1<br>MAFS.7.RP.1.2<br>MAFS.7.RP.1.3<br>MAFS.7.EE.1.1<br>MAFS.7.EE.1.2<br>MAFS.7.NS.1.1<br>MAFS.7.NS.1.2<br>MAFS.7.NS.1.3 | MAFS.7.EE.2.3<br>MAFS.7.EE.2.4<br>MAFS.7.G.1.1<br>MAFS.7.G.1.2<br>MAFS.7.G.1.3<br>MAFS.7.G.2.4<br>MAFS.7.G.2.5<br>MAFS.7.G.2.6<br>MAFS.7.SP.1.1<br>MAFS.7.SP.1.2<br>MAFS.7.SP.2.3<br>MAFS.7.SP.2.3<br>MAFS.7.SP.3.5<br>MAFS.7.SP.3.5<br>MAFS.7.SP.3.5<br>MAFS.7.SP.3.6<br>MAFS.7.SP.3.7 | MAFS.8.EE.1.1 MAFS.8.EE.1.2 MAFS.8.EE.1.3 MAFS.8.EE.1.4 MAFS.8.EE.2.5 MAFS.8.EE.2.6 MAFS.8.EE.3.7 MAFS.8.EE.3.8 MAFS.8.EE.3.8 MAFS.8.F.1.1 MAFS.8.F.1.2 MAFS.8.F.1.2 MAFS.8.F.1.3 MAFS.8.F.1.3 MAFS.8.F.2.4 MAFS.8.F.2.5 MAFS.8.G.1.1 | MAFS.8.G.1.2<br>MAFS.8.G.1.3<br>MAFS.8.G.1.4<br>MAFS.8.G.1.5<br>MAFS.8.G.2.6<br>MAFS.8.G.2.7<br>MAFS.8.G.2.8<br>MAFS.8.G.3.9<br>MAFS.8.SP.1.1<br>MAFS.8.SP.1.2<br>MAFS.8.SP.1.2<br>MAFS.8.SP.1.3<br>MAFS.8.SP.1.4<br>MAFS.8.NS.1.1 |
| Grade 6 A   | Grade 6 Advanced Grade 7 Advanced  |  |   | ced   |  |





## How does access to Algebra 1 in middle grades impact success for all students?





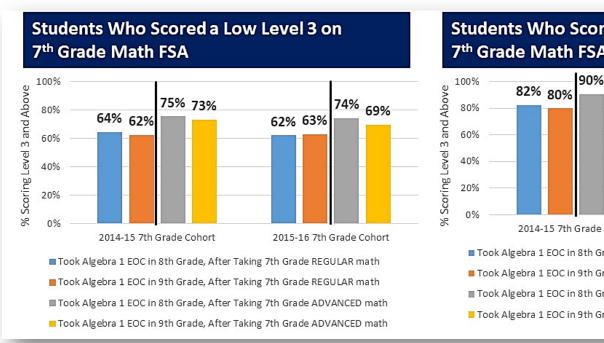
Low Level 3: 330-337

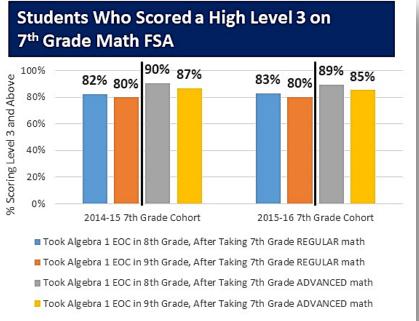
High Level 3: 338-345





# How does having access to an advanced middle grade math path effect success in Algebra 1?





Low Level 3: 330-337

High Level 3: 338-345





## How does middle grade acceleration impact student success in future math courses?

#### Comparison of Math Path for Students after Grade 7 Advanced in 14-15 98 96 Low Level 3 High Level 3 Level 4 or 5 Low Level 3 High Level 3 Level 4 or 5

Geometry in 9th Grade

Algebra 1 in 8th Grade

■ Algebra 1 in 9th Grade

■ Grade 8 FSA

Geometry EOC in 10th Grade





## How do high school math courses prepare students for postsecondary?

| COLLEGE ALGEBRA PROFILE DESCRIPTION                              | 1207310: LIBERAL<br>ARTS MATHEMATICS 2 | 1200700: MATH FOR COLLEGE READINESS | 1200330:<br>ALGEBRA 2 |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| FUNCTIONS & FUNCTION NOTATION                                    |  | X                                   |                       |
| DOMAINS & RANGES OF FUNCTIONS                                    |  | X                                   | X                     |
| GRAPHS OF FUNCTIONS AND RELATIONS                                | X                                      | X                                   | Х                     |
| OPERATIONS ON FUNCTIONS  |  | X                                   | X                     |
| INVERSE FUNCTIONS  |  |                                     | X                     |
| LINEAR, QUADRATIC, AND RATIONAL FUNCTIONS                        | X                                      | Х                                   | Х                     |
| ABSOLUTE VALUE AND RADICAL FUNCTIONS                             | X                                      | Х                                   | Х                     |
| EXPONENTIAL AND LOGARITHMIC PROPERTIES, FUNCTIONS, AND EQUATIONS | X                                      | X                                   | Χ                     |
| SYSTEMS OF EQUATIONS AND INEQUALITIES                            | Х                                      | X                                   | Х                     |





## How do high school math courses prepare students for postsecondary?

| COLLEGE STATISTICS PROFILE DESCRIPTION | 1207310: LIBERAL<br>ARTS MATHEMATICS 2 | 1210300: PROBABILITY & STATISTICS WITH APPLICATIONS HONORS | 1200330:<br>ALGEBRA 2 |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|
| RANDOM VARIABLES                       |  | X  |                       |
| PROBABILITY                            | X                                      | X  | Х                     |
| HYPOTHESE TESTING                      |  |  |                       |
| CONFIDENCE INTERVAL ESTIMATION         |  |  |                       |
| SMALL SAMPLE METHODS                   |  |  |                       |
| CORRELATION                            |  | X  |                       |
| SIMPLE LINEAR REGRESSION               |  | X  |                       |
| NONPARAMETRIC STATISTICS               |  |  |                       |





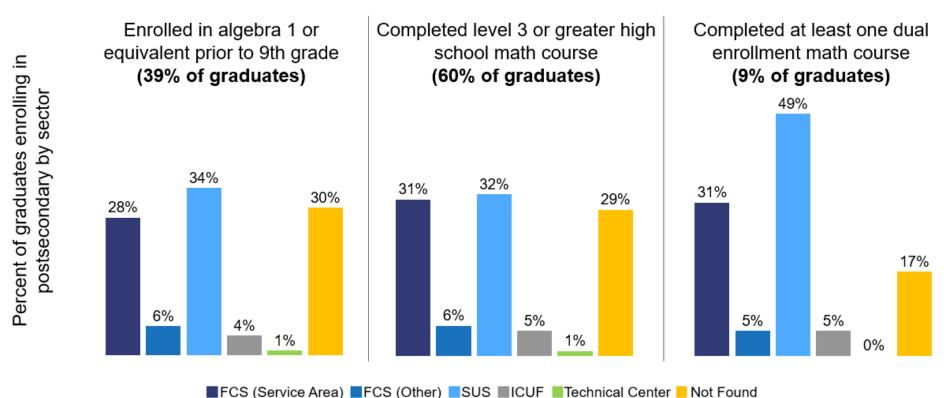
## How can grade 12 course placement develop successful K-20 math paths?

| GRADE 12 MATH<br>COURSE GROUP                                    | PERCENTAGE<br>OF 12 <sup>TH</sup><br>GRADERS IN<br>17-18 | PASSED<br>ALGEBRA 1 | Did Not Pass<br>Algebra 1 but<br>Passed PERT | Did Not Pass<br>Either Algebra<br>1 or PERT | Did Not Take<br>an Algebra 1<br>EOC or Math<br>PERT<br>Placement |
|--|--|---------------------|--|---|--|
| No Math Course   | 18%  | 66%                 | 12%  | 9%  | 13%  |
| Level 2 Math Course(s) Only – Excludes Algebra College Readiness | 24%  | 43%                 | 32%  | 23%   | 2%   |
| Level 2 Algebra College<br>Readiness Math Course                 | 27%  | 46%                 | 32%  | 21%   | 1%   |
| Level 3 Math Course(s) or CTE or Dual Enrollment Math Course     | 31%  | 89%                 | 6%   | 3%  | 2%   |
| Had a mix of Level 2 &<br>Level 3 (CTE, DE) Math<br>Courses      | 1%   | 66%                 | 22%  | 11%   | 1%   |
| Total (198,021 students)   | 100%   | 62%                 | 22%  | 14%   | 4%   |





## How does a student's K-12 math path lead to enrollment in postsecondary institutions?



2016 Florida high school graduates with standard high school diploma (n=159,494)



### Charge, Values & Deliverables



### Charge

Explore complex issues surrounding mathematics pathways to prepare: high school students for transition into postsecondary; Florida College System students for success in gateway courses aligned to their programs; and Florida College System students for transition into four-year universities.

### **Guiding Values**

Transparency, collaboration, respect, diversity, evidence-based inquiry

#### **Deliverables**

Cataloging evidence-based practices designed for scale
 Developing recommendations for state policy and institutional policy and practice around mathematics re-design







## High School to Postsecondary Alignment

#### Explore how high school curriculum in mathematics aligns with postsecondary expectations

- Clarify college entrancerequirements alignment with high school assessments and courses
- Examine longitudinal student data on mathematics sequencing and student success rates
- Engage high school and college mathematics faculty in dialogue about postsecondary expectations
- Identify strategies that promote greater alignment

## FCS Mathematics Sequences

Examine multiple pathways for students to enter based on programs of study as well as the re-design of course structures to maximize support for students

- Identify course and institutional structures that promote and deter success
- Encourage the modernization of mathematics content
- Review data on student success across algebra and non-algebra pathways
- Identify a sequence of courses in the context of a student's intended transfer major/metamajor

## FCS to University Alignment

Examine how FCS curriculum in mathematics aligns with university expectations, particularly for students in transfer programs

- Clarify university mathematics requirements
- Examine the longitudinal student data on mathematics sequencing and student success rates
- Engage FCS and SUS mathematics faculty in dialogue about postsecondary expectations
- Identify strategies that promote greater alignment



#### Recommendations



- 1. Common math pathways
- 2. Use "multiple measures" to improve placement
- 3. Ensure prerequisites align with pathways
- 4. Revise college statewide learning outcomes
- 5. Encourage colleges and universities to implement instructional models
- Create recurring opportunities for K-20 stakeholders to promote mathematics collaboration
- 7. Determine K-12 standards alignment to postsecondary courses
- 8. Professional development
- 9. Foundational skills modules for high school and postsecondary students
- 10. Increase availability of advising resources
- 11. Ensure parents/guardians are informed of how to support and advise high school students into mathematics pathways.

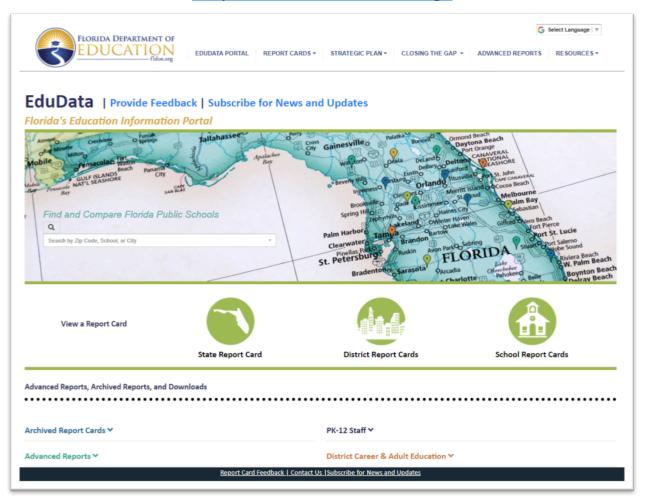


## **FDOE Data Resources**



### **EduData Portal**

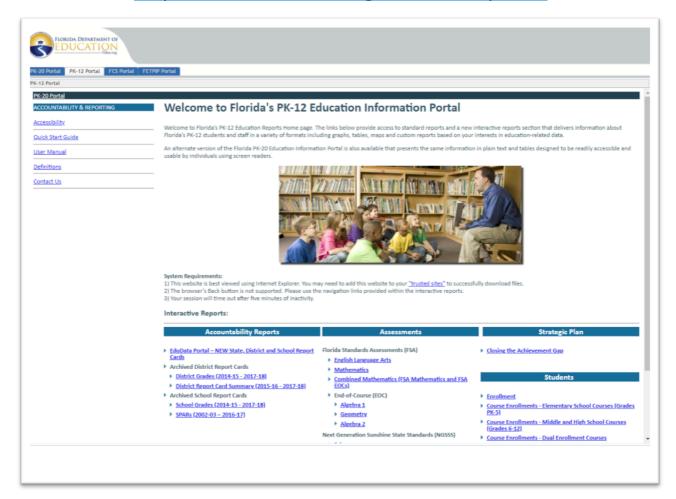
https://edudata.fldoe.org/





#### **EDStats**

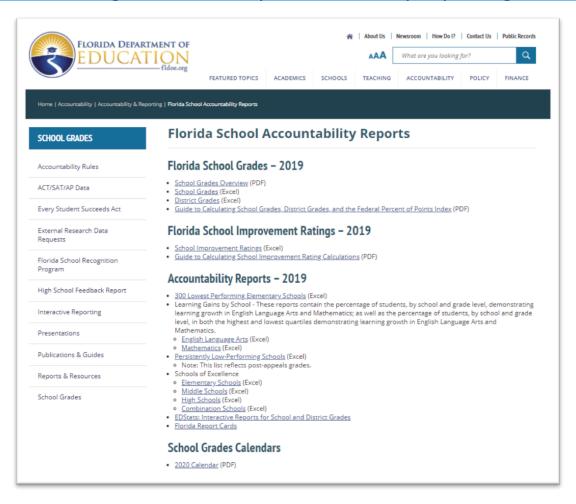
#### https://edstats.fldoe.org/SASPortal/public





#### Florida School Grades

http://www.fldoe.org/accountability/accountability-reporting/school-grades/





## School Report Card (Excel workbook)

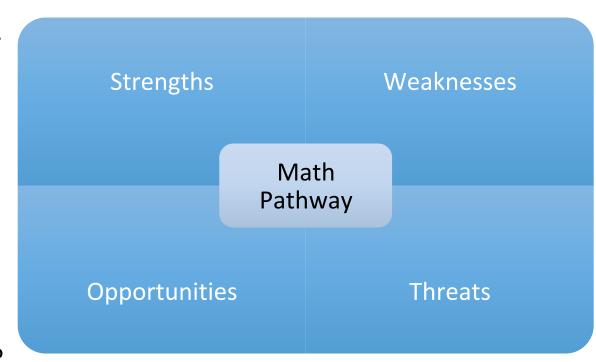


## Closing



## **Tween Work**

- Create your SWOT with your data team.
- Reflect on your SWOT with your data team.
  - What changes would you consider to strengthen the weaknesses within your math pathways?
  - How can you capitalize on the opportunities and eliminate the threats?





- https://www.floridacollegesystemfoundation.org/ fssc-math-redesign
- https://edudata.fldoe.org/
- <a href="https://edstats.fldoe.org/SASPortal/public">https://edstats.fldoe.org/SASPortal/public</a>
- http://www.fldoe.org/accountability/ accountability-reporting/school-grades/
- https://ies.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs/regions/ midatlantic/app/Docs/technicalassistance/ Data Use Infographic.pdf





Wednesday Webbie #4
January 20<sup>th</sup> (3:30 - 4:30pm EST)
"Focus Your Goals"







## Earn 10 CEUs

#### **Math Action Plan**

| Collaborative Team Members: |                        |  |                              | Data Reso | urces:                      |                         |                |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
|                             | Frequency of<br>Review | Person(s) Responsible (include the individual that is responsible for follow-up) | Sharing Data<br>with Parents | Strength  | Analy<br>Need to<br>Work On | ysis<br>Focused<br>Goal | Parent<br>Role |
| District Level Data         |                        |  |                              |           |                             |                         |                |
| School Level Data           |                        |  |                              |           |                             |                         |                |
| Grade Level Data            |                        |  |                              |           |                             |                         |                |
| Classroom Level Data        |                        |  |                              |           |                             |                         |                |
| Student Level Data          |                        |  |                              |           |                             |                         |                |

| Supervisor Signature: _ | Date: |  |
|-------------------------|-------|--|
|-------------------------|-------|--|

### FL Department of Education

- Bureau of Exceptional Education and Student Services
  - <u>Karrie.Musgrove@fldoe.org</u>
  - Thomas.Garrett@fldoe.org
- Bureau of Standards and Instructional Support
  - Courtney.Starling@fldoe.org
- FL Diagnostic & Learning Resources System (FDLRS)
  - schmitgesh@duvalschools.org (Henry Schmitges)
- FL Inclusion Network (FIN)
  - Caren.prichard@paec.org
- FL State Personnel Development Grant (SPDG)
  - medicic@pcsb.org (Cindy Medici)
- Problem Solving/Response to Intervention Project (PS/RtI)
  - Student Support and Academic Achievement Unit
    - <u>srobertson@usf.edu</u> (Shelby Robertson)
  - Technology Learning Connections Unit
    - tjeffs@usf.edu (Tara Jeffs)



## Objectives



Understand the components of Key Practice 1 from the What Matters Most: Key Practices Guide

Learn from colleagues how data is used for course placement (elementary to middle, middle to high, high to post-secondary) and how it can affect a student's math pathway K-20

Use FDOE data resources to identifying trends to facilitate conversations about successes and barriers to assist in problem-solving areas of need.

#### **Evaluation**





- If there are any questions that were rated less than (4), please offer suggestions on how we could improve.
- Your thoughts matter to us. What additional comments or suggestions do you have?

### The recording link will be available at:

https://bit.ly/2RsYEz1



